

Global Framework Plan of Action for Road Safety

Regional Workshop on Road Safety Management in the Arab Countries

United Nations House, Beirut, 27-28 November 2018

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Safer roads for all

Can this be achieved?



Safer roads for all

Maybe not

YES it can

if there is:
no vision,
no strategy,
no political commitment,
no management



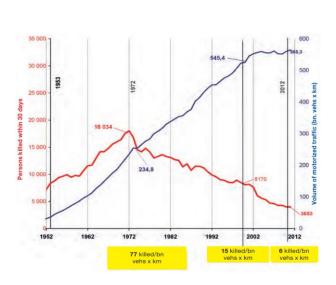


Safer roads for all

What do we need? What is the good foundation to build on?

National Road Safety System







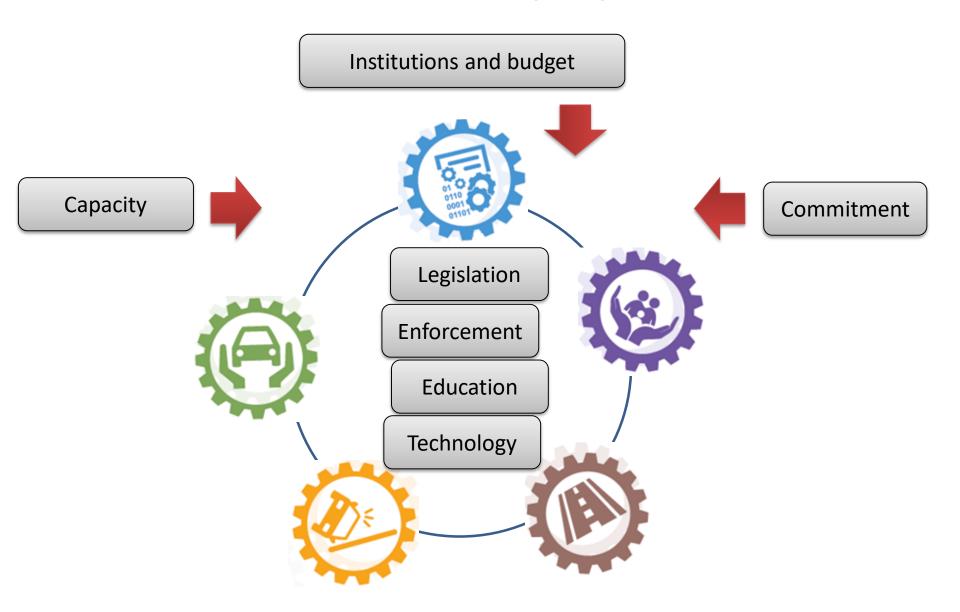
National Road Safety System



What is it exactly?



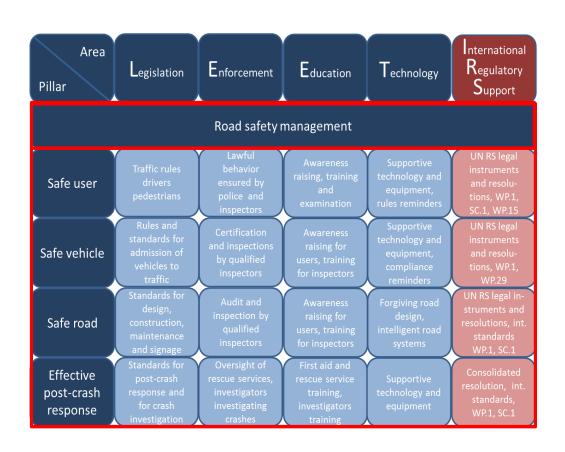
National Road Safety System



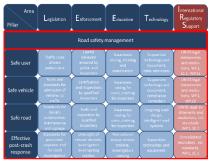
Where to start?



Global Framework Plan of Action for Road Safety

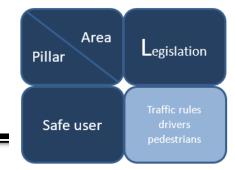


- Evolves from the Global
 Plan for the Decade of
 Action for Road Safety:
 five pillars for road safety
 as the essential blocks for
 creating sound national
 road safety systems
 safe system approach
- Is specific on (interconnected) actions across areas to be taken by different actors
- Covers any action necessary for attaining the 12 road safety performance targets



Global Framework Plan of Action for UNECE **Road Safety**





BENCHMARK

should comprise the following action:

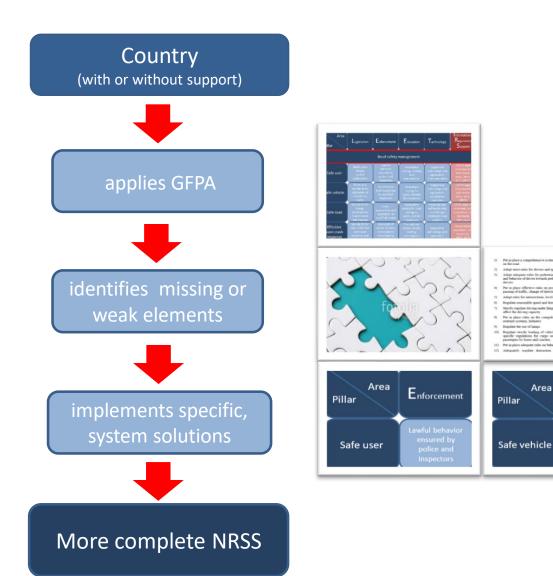
- Put in place a comprehensive system of signs, signals and instructions to be observed on the road
- Adopt strict rules for drivers and specific rules for professional drivers
- Adopt adequate rules for pedestrians and cyclists and their interaction with drivers and behavior of drives towards pedestrians and cyclists with appropriate liability for drivers
- Put in place effective rules on position on carriageway, maneuvering, overtaking, passing of traffic, change of directions, slowing down
- Adopt rules for intersections, level-crossings and giving way
- Regulate reasonable speed and distance management
- Strictly regulate driving under fatigue and the influence of substances that negatively affect the driving capacity
- Put in place rules on the compulsory use of safety equipment (safetybelts, child restraint systems, helmets)
- Regulate the use of lamps
- Regulate strictly loading of vehicles and carriage of passengers and put in place specific regulations for cargo securing for road transport and for carriage of passengers by buses and coaches.
- 11) Put in place adequate rules on behavior in case of accident
- 12) Adequately regulate distraction during driving and walking due to use of infotainment systems, portable electronic devices or mobile phones

Global Framework Plan of Action for Road Safety in action



Area

Legislation









Regulate reasonable speed and distance management

Have in place penalties scheme for offenders

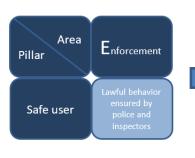
Designate authorities responsible for implementation including those for enforcement of the rules



Speed regulations as part of traffic code

Penalties for speeding established

Police has the legal mandate for enforcing speed



Carry out road side checks on compliance with speed regulation (police, use of enforcement technology enabled e.g. speed guns and cameras)

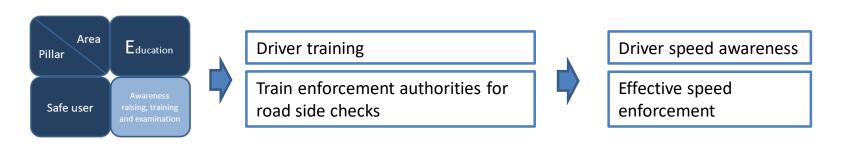
Anti-corruption mechanism

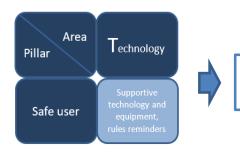


Police present on roads and applies penalties









Speed reminders/intelligent speed limiters



Decreased driver distraction







Regulate road equipment per classified road (calming equipment)

Designate authorities for implementation



Legal base for road infrastructure which limits the possibilities of speeding



License and accredit road assessment, inspection and audit organizations

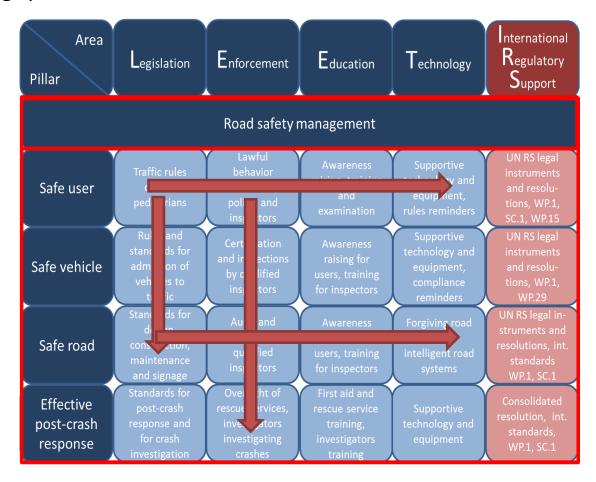
Carry out periodic safety inspection of roads



Oversight of road infrastructure which limits the possibilities of speeding













Britain's roads are 'not made safer by 20mph zones': Average speed falls just 0.7mph and there aren't fewer crashes, official report finds

- . A study has found no significant reduction in accident rates in 20mph zones
- Councils have spent millions reducing speed limits to improve road safety
- The four-year study found speeds dropped by 0.7mph in some 20mph zones
- Almost half of drivers admit regularly breaking the 20mph speed limit

By JAMES SALMON FOR THE DAILY MAIL

PUBLISHED: 00:12 GMT, 23 November 2018 | UPDATED: 00:13 GMT, 23 November 2018

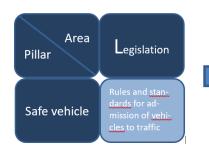
Lack of enforcement by police was a key reason so many motorists ignored 20mph limits, according to drivers.

The study found there was a 'widespread view among the public' that the 'likelihood of being caught exceeding the limit is very small'.



Global Framework Plan of Action for Road Safety in action

Vehicle inspection



Establish vehicle's minimum safety requirements for admission to traffic

Put in place a regime for periodic technical inspection of vehicles in use

Have in place penalties scheme for offenders

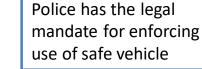
Designate authorities responsible for implementation including those for enforcement of the rules



Legal base for vehicle inspection in place



Penalties for use of vehicle with expired certificates





Rules for inspection centers, supervision authorities have mandate to inspect inspection centers



Global Framework Plan of Action for Road Safety in action

Vehicle inspection



Certify inspection centers and supervise and audit them

Carry out road side checks on compliance with vehicle inspection

Anti-corruption mechanism



Inspection supervision in place and effective supervising and auditing

Police present on roads and applies penalties



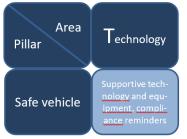
Conduct campaigns to raise general awareness of safety benefits from safety systems of vehicles

Train inspectors and inspection supervision



Public awareness

Effective vehicle inspection





Vehicle inspection reminders

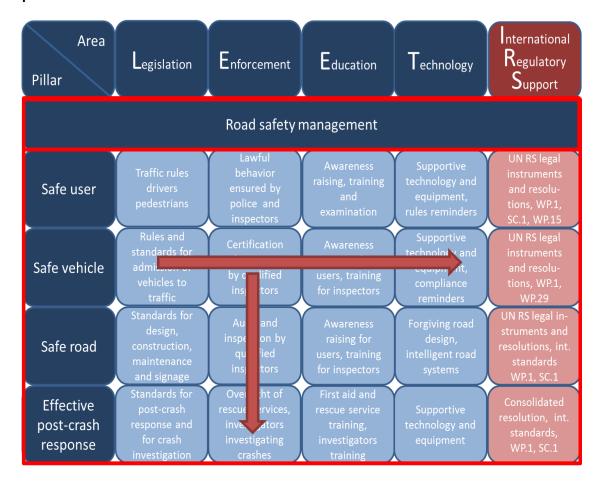


Well informed vehicle owners



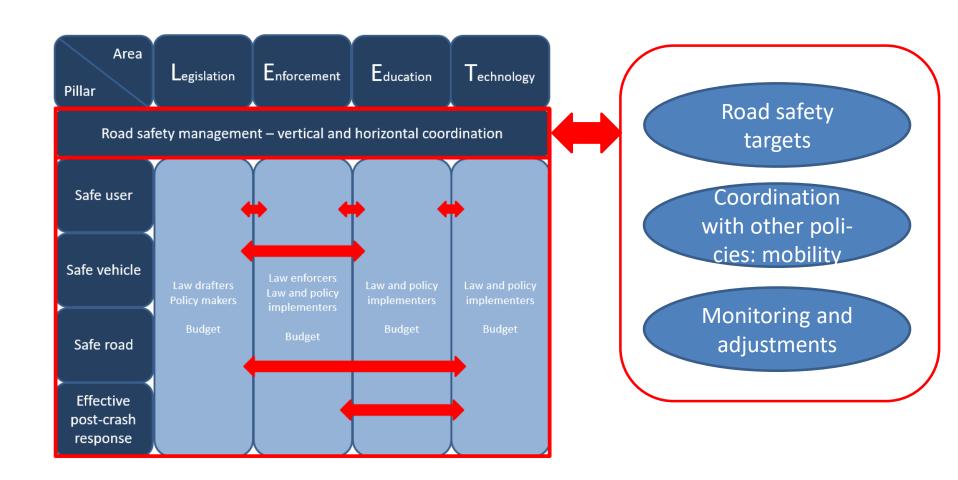


Vehicle inspection



Road safety management

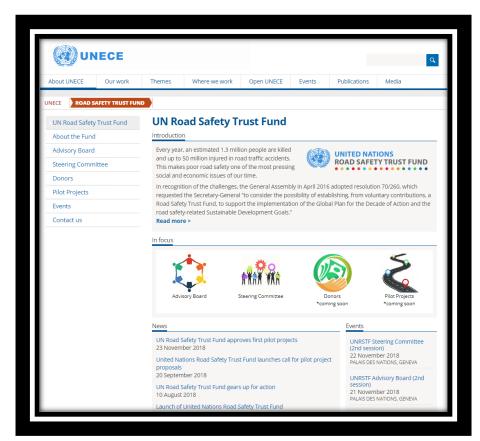






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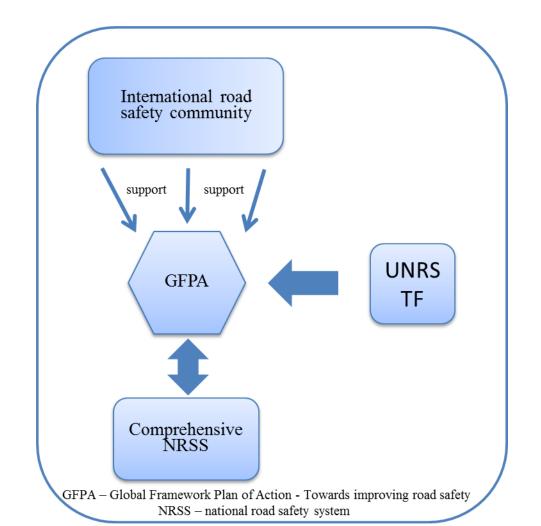
- Adopted under the United Nations Road Safety Trust Fund
- Will guide action under the Trust Fund





UN Road Safety Trust Fund

In support of complete National Road Safety Systems





UNRSTF's priorities for assistance support

Technical assistance in support of establishing comprehensive National Road Safety Systems in low- and middle-income countries

Priority 1

Gaps identification and creation of a national action plan with support of GFPA

Priority 2a

National GFPA (or similar) action plan in place – specific technical assistance to deliver an action with a system solution to improving NRSS

Priority 2b

Specific technological or educational solution to improving NRSS

Priority 3

Specific technical assistance to deliver a system solution to road safety management



Thank you

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