



SDG 16

Monitor and measure progress to achieve peace, just and inclusive societies

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Overview of presentation

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1. SDG 16 overview

2. National approaches to SDG 16

3. UNDP Custodianship

4. UNDP SDG 16 Initiatives

5. Useful Reporting Guidance



SDG 16 overview

SDG 16 - Overview

- **Peace**, **justice** and **inclusion**: new goal and focus
- Important **enabling** goal
- Interconnectedness across the whole 2030 Agenda, including:
 - SDG 5 (gender equality)
 - SDG 10 (reduced inequalities)
 - SDG I3 (climate change)
 - SDG I7 (partnerships)
- **SDG 16+**: interconnected commitment across 2030 Agenda



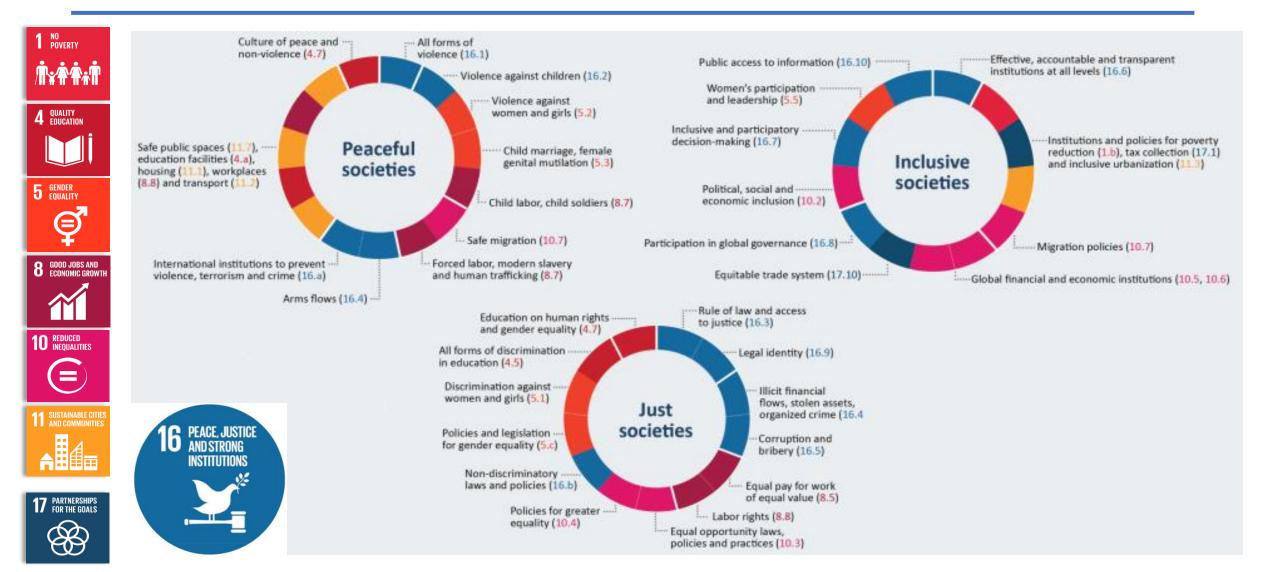




Resilient nation

SDG 16 – WHAT: SDG 16+ Peace, Justice and Inclusion





SDG 16's 12 Global Targets





























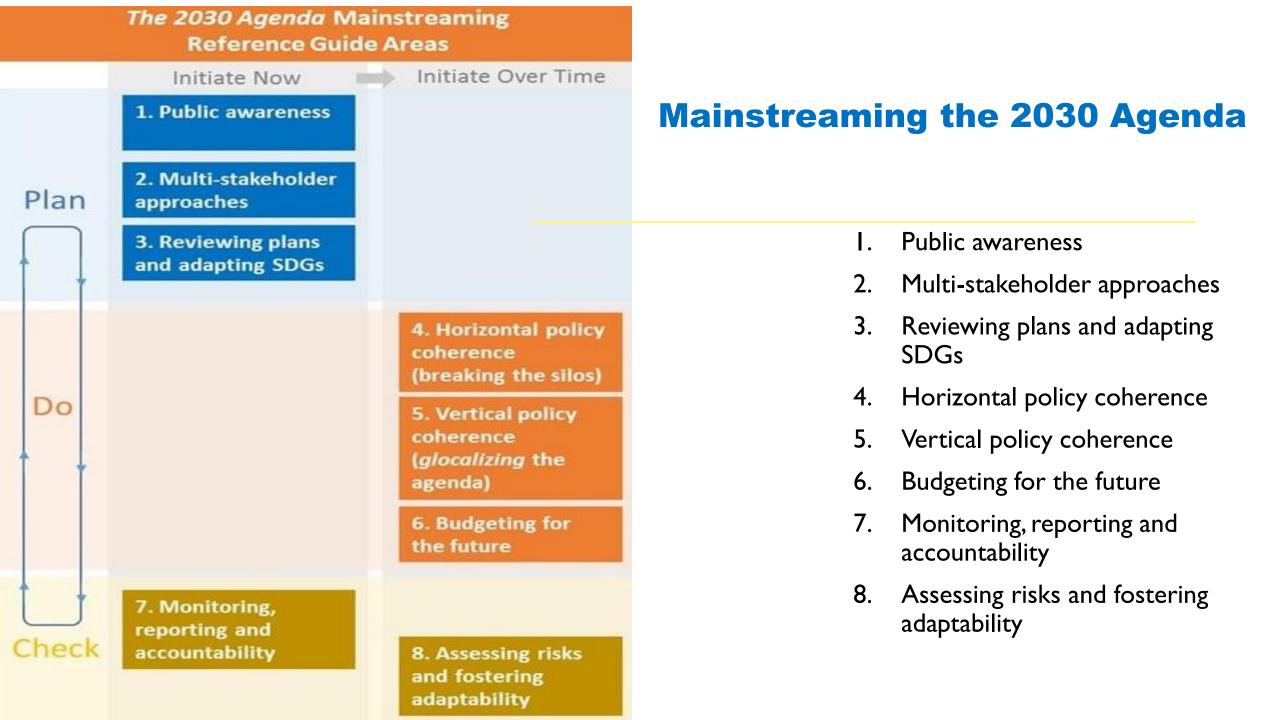






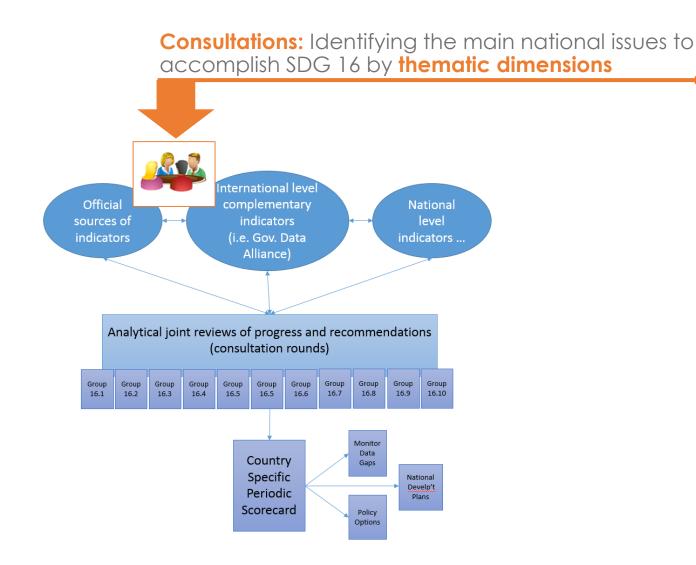


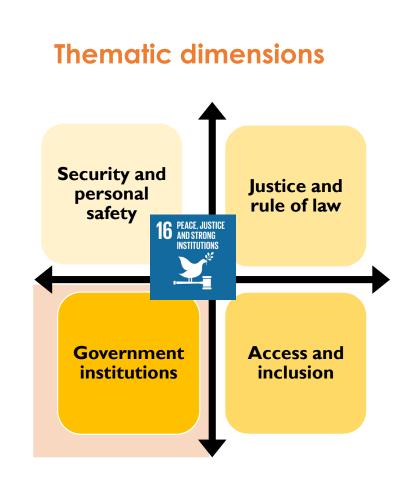
National approaches to SDG 16



National approaches to SDG 16







Government institutions, thematic dimension example



SDG 16 Nationalization – Moldova

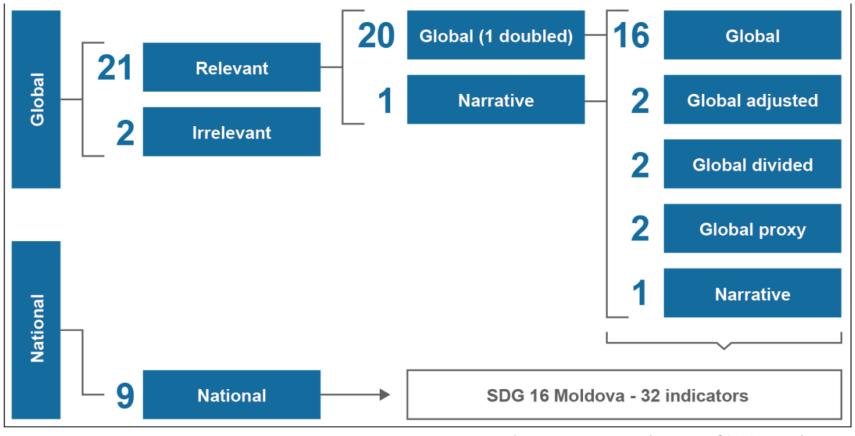


Figure 20. Nationalization of SDG 16 indicators

NATIONAL INDICATOR	Disag- gre- gation level	Avail- ability	Disaggre- gation criteria	Indica- tor type	Data produ- cer	Moni- toring evalua- tion
16.3.1.1 Rate of report- ing from victims of violence	total	no		National	Mol	MLSPF
16.3.1.2 Number of victims of violence in the previous 12 months who reported their vic- timization to competent authorities per 100 000 population, by sex	total	no		Global adjusted	MoJ	MoJ
	sex	no		Global adjusted	MoJ	MoJ
	age group, age	no		Global adjusted	MoJ	MoJ
	duration of arrest	no		Global adjusted	MoJ	MoJ
16.3.2.2 Number of per- sons that accessed state guaranteed legal aid	total	yes		National	NLAC	MoJ
16.3.2.3 Court proceed- ings initiated as a result of the ombudsman's notification	total	no		National	MoJ	MoJ
16.3.2.4 Proportion of court cases lost at ECHR	total	no		National	MoJ	MoJ
16.3.2.5 Population satisfaction regarding legal services	total	no		National	MoJ	MoJ
16.4.2.1 Number of legally owned arms, per 100 000 population	total	yes		National	Mol	Mol
16.4.2.2 Number of confiscated illegally owned arms	total	yes		National	Mol	Mol



UNDP custodianship



SDG (16) global indicators



- 232 unique global indicators proposed by the Inter-Agency and Experts Group on SDG Indicators (IAEG-SDGs) and adopted.
 - 3-tier system intended to help identify indicators which require focused efforts:
 - Tier I: an established methodology exists, and data is widely available;
 - Tier 2: an established methodology exists, but data is not readily available;
 - Tier 3: an internationally-agreed methodology is yet to be developed.
 - SDG 16 = 12 targets and 23 global indicators: classified into tiers and with designated custodian agencies and supporting agencies.
 - Comprehensive review in 2020 to consider refinements, deletions and additions

UNDP SDG 16 indicator custodianship



Indicator	Description	Tiering
16.6.2	Proportion of the population satisfied with their last experience of public services	11
16.7.1b. & c.	Proportions of positions (by sex, age, persons with disabilities and population groups) in public institutions (national and local legislatures, public service, and judiciary) compared to national distributions	II
16.7.2	Proportion of population who believe decision-making is inclusive and responsive, by sex, age, disability and population group	II
16.3.3 UNDP Co- custodian	Proportion of the population who have experienced a dispute in the past two years and who accessed a formal or informal dispute resolution mechanism, by type of mechanism.	11

Role of Custodian Agency



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Help ensure comparability of country data

Provide capacity development to compile indicators

Compute regional and global aggregates

Provide data in the global SDG indicator database

Data flows



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CSOs When estimated and Acad modelled data are used, emia agencies need to consult and get agreement by Private sector national statistical authorities **UNSD Global** National International Statistical **SDG Indicators** Agencies System Database _unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/ Countries have different data flows scenarios Regional Mechanisms will facilitate the Regional data transmission process from the national to the global level Mechanism **UNSD** Country Data Lab

> Source: Guidelines on data flows and global data reporting, 5th Meeting of the IAEG-SDGs, 30-31 March 2017, Ottawa



UNDP SDG 16 initiatives

SDG 16 Survey Module



- Nine SDG 16 indicators draw on population surveys
- Population surveys = good data source: high data quality, disaggregation
- Challenges for NSOs: regular implement comes with high costs
- "SDG 16 Survey Module" by UNDP, UNODC and OHCHR: to integrate survey modules in on-going household surveys







Overview of SDG 16 Survey Modules



Empowered lives

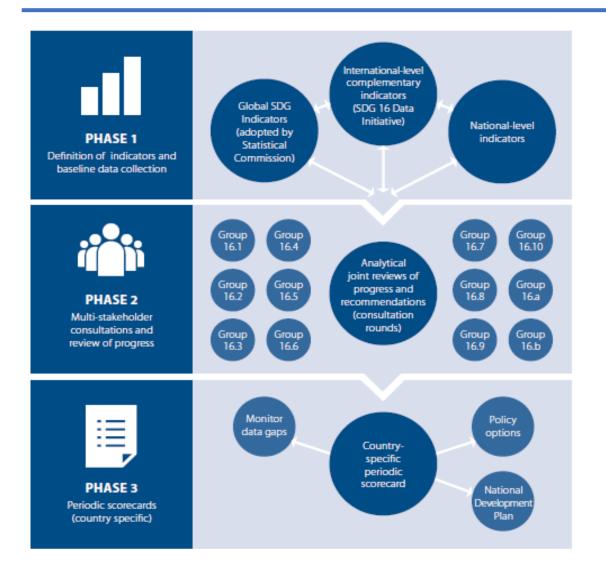
Resilient nations

Overview of SDG 16 Survey Modules 1. Violence Physical violence 16.1.3(a) Proportion of population subjected to (a) physical violence in the previous 12 months 16.1.3(c) Proportion of population subjected to (c) sexual violence in the previous 12 months Psychological violence and 11.7.2: Proportion of persons victim of physical or sexual harassment in the previous 12 months Harassment 16.1.3(b) Proportion of population subjected to (b) psychological violence in the previous 12 months Violence reporting 16.3.1 Proportion of victims of violence in the previous 12 months who reported their victimization to competent authorities or other officially recognized conflict resolution mechanisms Safety 16.1.4 Proportion of population that feel safe walking alone around the area they live 2. Human Trafficking Indicator 16.2.2: Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation 3. Corruption 16.5.1 Proportion of persons who had at least one contact with a public official and who paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials, during the previous 12 months Governance Political efficacy 16.7.2 Proportion of population who believe decision-making is inclusive and responsive Satisfaction with public services 16.6.2 Proportion of the population satisfied with their last experience of public services 5. Access to justice 16.3.3. Proportion of the population who have experienced a dispute in the past two years and who accessed a formal or informal dispute resolution mechanism, by type of mechanism. 6. Discrimination 16.b.1 Proportion of the population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law

Scale-Up National Monitoring of SDG16: 3-step methodology



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Pilot

Countries:

- El Salvador
- Georgia
- Indonesia
- Mexico
- South Africa
- Tunisia
- Uruguay

Countries:

Scale-Up

- Argentina
- Burkina Faso
- Cape Verde
 Central African
 Republic
- Colombia
- Lebanon
- Moldova
- Mongolia

Community of Practice

Measuring the Unmeasured



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Moldova

16.6.2

Public service evaluation tool with the National Chamber of Social Insurance (NCSI) using humancentered approach

Botswana Sentiment analysis on public service delivery using Facebook with Department of Transport and Dept of

Kyrgyz Republic

16.6.2

Mobile and web-based platform to citizen feedback. The tool was used to collect data via online and distributed through social media

Sudan

Civil and National Registration

16.6.2

16.6.2

Voicing through airwaves - engaging citizens to improve public service delivery using radio and SMS format; natural language processing in collaboration with QCRI

Voicing through airwaves - Sudan



Education Water Health = QCRI Data Pop Alliance Health Education Phase 3 Data Analysis by basic service sector Proposed Mediums State Radio SMS/USSD Code SDG 16.6.2 Indicator U N D P Ô Phase 4 Measurement Measurement and Insights on zain Empowered lives Resilient nations Public Service Delivery 16 PEACE JUSTIC Phase 1 Phase 2 Community Feedback Collection

Figure 1: Mixed Method approach on community feedback system pilot to measure SDG 16.6.2 for Kassala



SDG 16 monitoring

Principles of SDG monitoring

✓ Primacy of national ownership and an inclusive country led process



✓ Decisions on national indicators driven by national priorities; while being aligned with global targets & indicators



✓ SDGs integrated into NDPs and national M&E system and utilises existing platform and processes



✓ Integrated into policy making, implementation, monitoring cycles

Building an SDG 16 Indicator Framework

I. Scoping

- What is being monitored?
- Cross-check with SDG I6 targets and indicators?
- Cluster or by target?

2. Assessment

- Consultation group(s)
- Priority indicators
- Readiness to produce data
- Supplementary indicators

3. Selection

- Prioritize global indicators
- Structural, process and outcomes indicators
- Quantitative and qualitative indicators.
- Indicators to capture those "left behind"
- Use existing indicators
- Develop metadata

SDG 16 data challenges and lessons





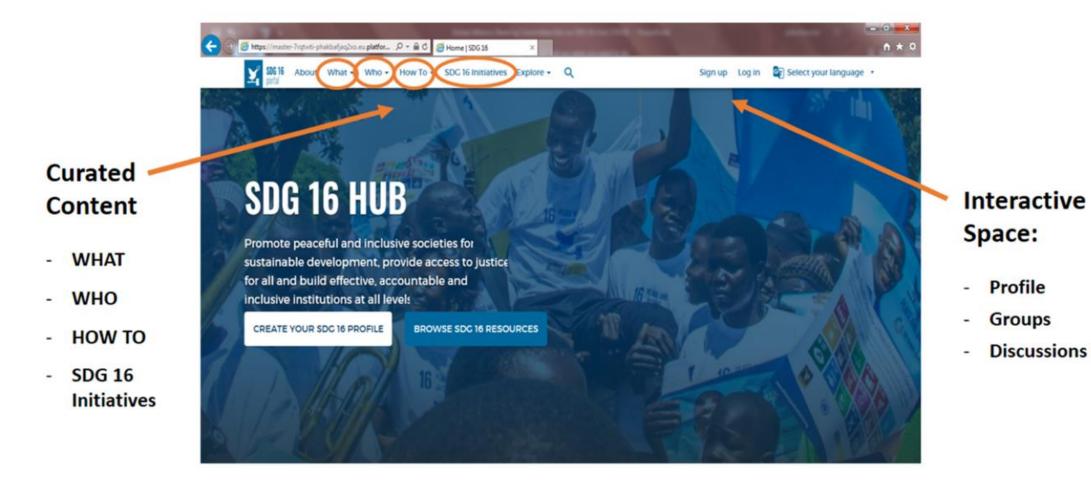


➢Periodic monitoring

- Inclusive and participatory consultations
- Policy development and implementation
- High-level political ownership
- ➢National indicator sources



SDG 16 Hub





Useful reporting guidance

SDG – Useful Reporting Guidance



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Reporting at HLPF: VNR



Reporting at National Level

CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACT CONTR



GOAL 16 - THE INDICATORS WE WANT:

Virtual Network Sourcebook on Measuring Peace, Justice and Effective Institutions MONITORING TO IMPLEMENT PEACEFUL, JUST AND INCLUSIVE SOCIETIES

PILOT INITIATIVE ON NATIONAL-LEVEL MONITORING OF SDG16

United Nations Development Programme

Concluding questions



- Why so much focus on monitoring?
- Is SDG 16 measurable?
- How can UNDP support you?

SDG 16 – UNDP's offer



• Will host Global Database on indicators under UNDP custodianship

UNDP Globally • Hosts Secretariat of the Global Alliance;

- Policy Centre

 Oslo Governance
 Centre
 - Supports the Praia City Group on Governance Statistics (Handbook on Governance Statistics (Forthcoming);
 - Coordinates the SDG 16 National Monitoring Initiative;
 - Co-develops and offers a SDG 16 Survey Module

SDG16 Hub

 Allows all stakeholders with an interest in SDG 16 to learn, share knowledge and collaborate