

United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia

FOOD SECURITY - SDG INDICATORS

Source: DESA / UN Statistics Division SDG indicators database



SDG Indicators - A/RES/71/313

A/RES/71/313

GA Resolution of 6 July 2017 on Work of the Statistical Commission pertaining to the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

The Resolution calls for substantive technical work to develop international standards, to build statistical capacities and to collect and share data.

Annex to the Resolution comprises a list of 232 indicators for monitoring progress towards achievement of SDGs.



SDG Indicators - Tiers Classification

Inter-Agency Expert Group on SDG Indicators is the custodian of methodology for 232 SDG indicators of the global framework.

IAEG-SDG classified indicators into three tiers.

Tier I Indicators that have an established methodology, and for which data exist in most of the countries.

93 indicators are in Tier I

Tier II Indicators that have an established methodology, but for which data not available / partly available in most of the countries

66 indicators are in Tier II

Tier III Indicators for which a methodology is not established yet – these indicators are not measurable at present.

68 indicators are in Tier III

5 indicators are partly in Tier III (and partly in I / II)



SDG Indicators - Goal 2

Goal 2 9 indicators of progress

4 indicators of means of implementation

Tier I 5 indicators of progress

2 indicators of means of implementation

Tier II 1 indicator of progress

2 indicators of means of implementation

Tier III 3 indicators of progress



2.1.1 Prevalence of undernourishment

Original Tier: Tier I

Custodian agency: FAO

Updated Tier (2018): Tier I



2.1.1 – Prevalence of undernourishment All data (including UN agencies)

3 or more data points 1990 - 2016

Lebanon Somalia

Bahrain Libya Sudan

Comoros Mauritania Syria

Djibouti Morocco Tunisia

Egypt Oman UAE

Iraq Palestine

Jordan Qatar

Algeria

Kuwait Saudi Arabia

2 data points 1990 - 2016

1 data point 1990 - 2016

No data



2.1.1 – Prevalence of undernourishment Country data

3 or more data points 1990 - 2016

2 data points 1990 - 2016

1 data point 1990 - 2016

No data

Bahrain

Algeria

Lebanon

Somalia

Sudan

Syria

UAE

Tunisia

Libya

Comoros Mauritania

Djibouti Morocco

Egypt Oman

Iraq Palestine

Jordan Qatar

Kuwait

Saudi Arabia



2.1.2 Prevalence of moderate or severe food insecurity in the population, based on the Food Insecurity Experience Scale (FIES)

Original Tier: Tier I

Custodian agency: FAO

Updated Tier (2018): Tier II (downgrade)



2.2.1 Prevalence of stunting (height for age <-2 standard deviation from the median of the World Health Organization (WHO) Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age

Original Tier: Tier I

Custodian agencies: UNICEF,

WHO

Updated Tier (2018): Tier I



2.2.1 – Proportion of stunted children (<5) All data (including UN agencies)

3 or more data points 1990 - 2016

Algeria Jordan Somalia

Oman

Djibouti Mauritania Syria

Egypt Morocco

Iraq

Comoros Kuwait Sudan

Tunisia

Palestine

2 data points 1990 - 2016

Bahrain

Lebanon

Libya

Saudi Arabia

1 data point 1990 - 2016

Qatar

No data

UAF



2.2.1 – Proportion of stunted children (<5) Country data

3 or more data points 1990 - 2016

Algeria Kuwait Somalia

Comoros Mauritania Sudan

Egypt Morocco Syria

Iraq Oman Tunisia

Jordan Palestine

2 data points 1990 - 2016

Bahrain

Lebanon

Libya

Saudi Arabia

1 data point 1990 - 2016

Qatar

No data

Djibouti

UAE



2.2.2 Prevalence of malnutrition (weight for height >+2 or <-2 standard deviation from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age, by type

Original Tier: Tier I

Custodian agencies: UNICEF,

WHO

Updated Tier (2018): Tier I



2.2.2 - Prevalence of children malnutrition (<5) All data (including UN agencies)

3 or more data points 1990 - 2016

Algeria Jordan

Djibouti Kuwait Somalia

Comoros Mauritania Sudan

Tunisia

Palestine

Egypt

Morocco **Syria**

Oman Iraq

2 data points 1990 - 2016

Lebanon

Libya

Saudi Arabia

1 data point 1990 - 2016

Bahrain

Qatar

No data

UAF



2.2.2 – Prevalence of children malnutrition (<5) Country data

3 or more data points 1990 - 2016

Algeria Jordan Palestine

Djibouti Kuwait Syria

Comoros Mauritania Tunisia

Egypt Morocco

Iraq Oman

2 data points 1990 - 2016

Lebanon

Libya

Saudi Arabia

Somalia

Sudan

1 data point 1990 - 2016

Bahrain

Qatar

No data

UAE



2.3.1 Volume of production per labour unit by classes of farming/pastoral/forestry enterprise size

Original Tier: Tier III

Custodian agency: FAO

Updated Tier (2018): Tier III (pending methodology)



2.3.2 Average income of small-scale food producers, by sex and indigenous status

Original Tier: Tier III

Custodian agency: FAO

Partner agency: World Bank

Updated Tier (2018): Tier III (pending methodology)



2.4.1 Proportion of agricultural area under productive and sustainable agriculture

Original Tier: Tier III

Custodian agency: FAO

Partner agency: UNEP

Updated Tier (2018): Tier III (pending methodology)



2.5.1 Number of plant and animal genetic resources for food and agriculture secured in either medium- or long-term conservation facilities

Original Tier: Tier III

Custodian agency: FAO

Partner agency: UNEP

Updated Tier (2018): Tier I (upgrade)

Data availability analysis is still pending



2.5.2 Proportion of local breeds classified as being at risk, not at risk or at unknown level of risk of extinction

Original Tier: Tier II

Custodian agency: FAO

Partner agency: UNEP

Updated Tier (2018): Tier I (upgrade)



2.5.2 - Local breeds / extinction

3 or more data points 1990 - 2016

2 data points 1990 - 2016

1 data point 1990 - 2016

Algeria Lebanon Sudan

Bahrain Libya Syria

Comoros Mauritania Tunisia

Djibouti Morocco

Egypt Oman

Iraq Saudi Arabia

Jordan Somalia

No data

Kuwait

Palestine

Qatar

UAE



2.a.1 The agriculture orientation index for government expenditures

Original Tier: Tier I

Custodian agency: FAO

Updated Tier (2018): Tier II (downgrade)



2.a.1 – Agriculture orientation index for government expenditures

3 or more data points 1990 - 2016

Morocco Algeria

Bahrain Oman

Egypt Syria

Kuwait **Tunisia**

Lebanon

2 data points 1990 - 2016

Jordan

Qatar

UAE

1 data point 1990 - 2016

No data

Comoros Palestine

Yemen

Djibouti Saudi Arabia

Iraq

Somalia

Libya

Sudan

Mauritania



2.a.2 Total official flows (official development assistance plus other official flows) to the agriculture sector

Original Tier: Tier I

Custodian agency: OECD

Partner agency: FAO

Updated Tier (2018): Tier I



2.a.2 – Total official flows to the agriculture sector (ODA)

3 or more data points 1990 - 2016

Algeria Lebanon Saudi Arabia

Comoros Libya Somalia

Djibouti Mauritania Sudan

Egypt Morocco Syria

Iraq Oman Tunisia

Jordan Palestine

2 data points 1990 - 2016

Bahrain

1 data point 1990 - 2016

No data

Kuwait

Qatar

UAE



2.b.1 Agricultural export subsidies

Original Tier: Tier I

Custodian agency: WTO

Updated Tier (2018): Tier I



2.c.1 Indicator of food price anomalies

Original Tier: Tier III

Custodian agency: FAO

Updated Tier (2018): Tier II (upgrade – established methodology)



Current work

- Data validation (Custodian agencies, UN Statistics Division)
 Data loaded into the UN SDG indicators database were uploaded from other sources, and do not fully correspond to the Global SDG Indicators Framework
- Performing data availability assessment at the country level (ESCWA)

This preliminary assessment of availability of the nationally sourced data was based on a single international source (UN database), but there may be more data available in each country.

Addressing the issues of statistical capacity development

10th Tranche Development Account Programme on Statistics and
Data (2017 – 2020)